

Good LabVIEW Habits

The background of the slide is black, filled with a dense pattern of vertical lines of varying heights and colors, including red, blue, and white, creating a digital or data-like aesthetic.

Brian Powell

#OurGiantsAreFemale

Dr. Jennifer
Golbeck

*Professor, Information
Sciences
University of Maryland*



- Expert in computational social network analysis, social media, social trust, security, and privacy
 - Research in how humans interact with information on social media
 - Also rescues golden retrievers
- @thegoldenratio4



Who Am I?



- LabVIEW R&D 20+ years, NI 26 years
- Athenahealth, Director of Engineering
- The Zebra, VP of Engineering
- CEO of Stravaro LLC
 - LabVIEW Champion
 - Certified LabVIEW Architect
 - Certified Professional Instructor

Passionate about

- team culture
- organizational structure
- people management
- software engineering processes

Special Thanks To The LabVIEW Champions

for providing input and ideas



“Habits” not “Rules”

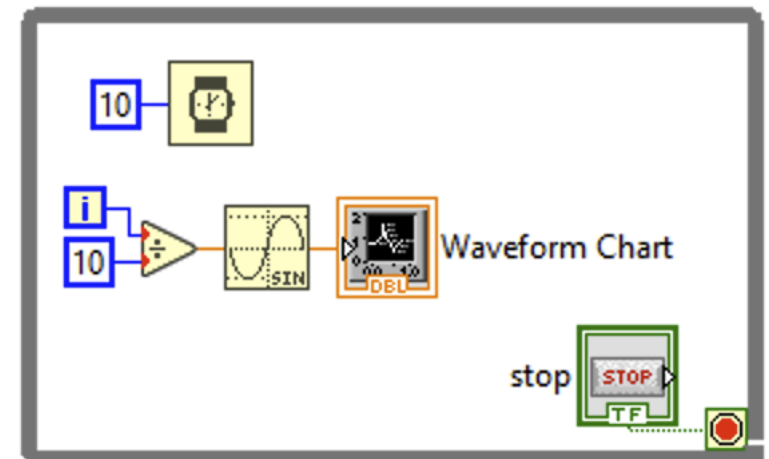
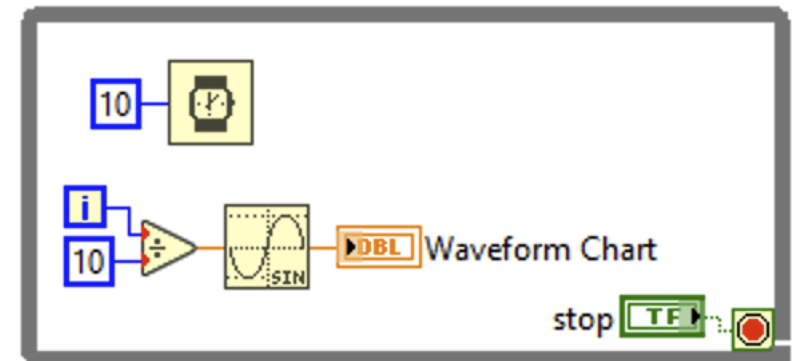
- There’s no particular order
 - Some are small. Some are big.
 - Not everybody agrees with these
 - Don’t adopt these unless you understand the “why”
-
- If we have time at the end, offer your own good habits

#1

*Why?
Takes up extra space.
Hard to visually
distinguish from subVI.*

Tools >> Options settings I always change:

- Turn off “Place front panel terminals as icons”

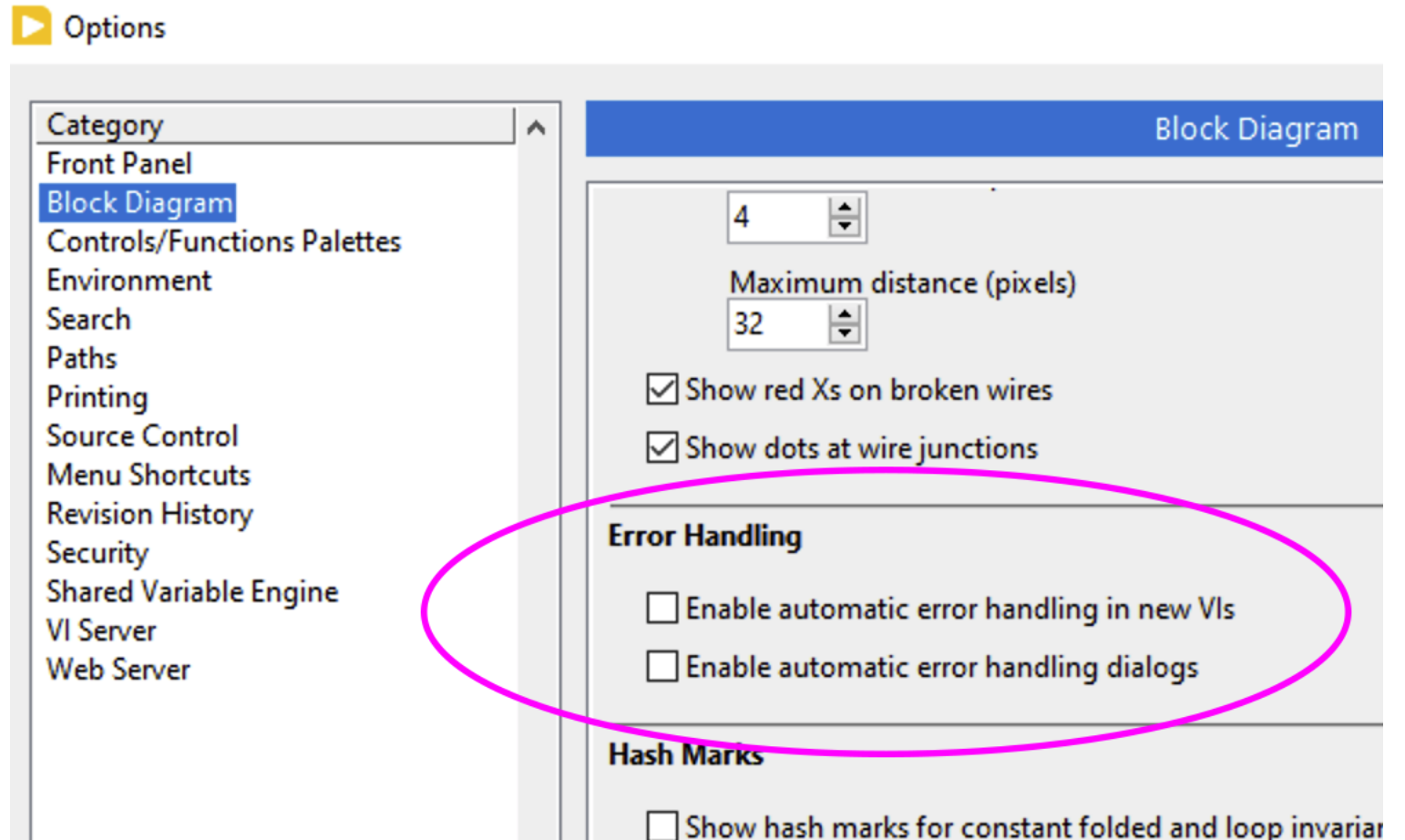


#2

*Why?
Different behavior on
different machines.
Substitute for good error
checking.*

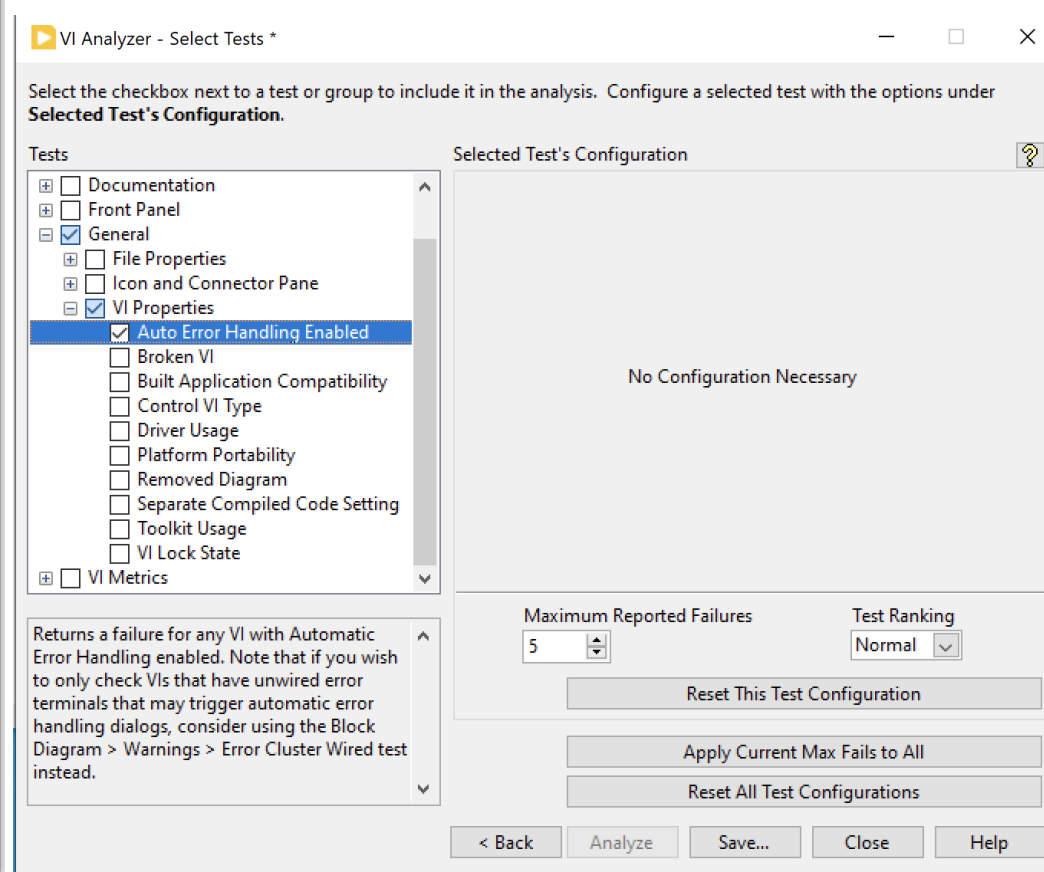
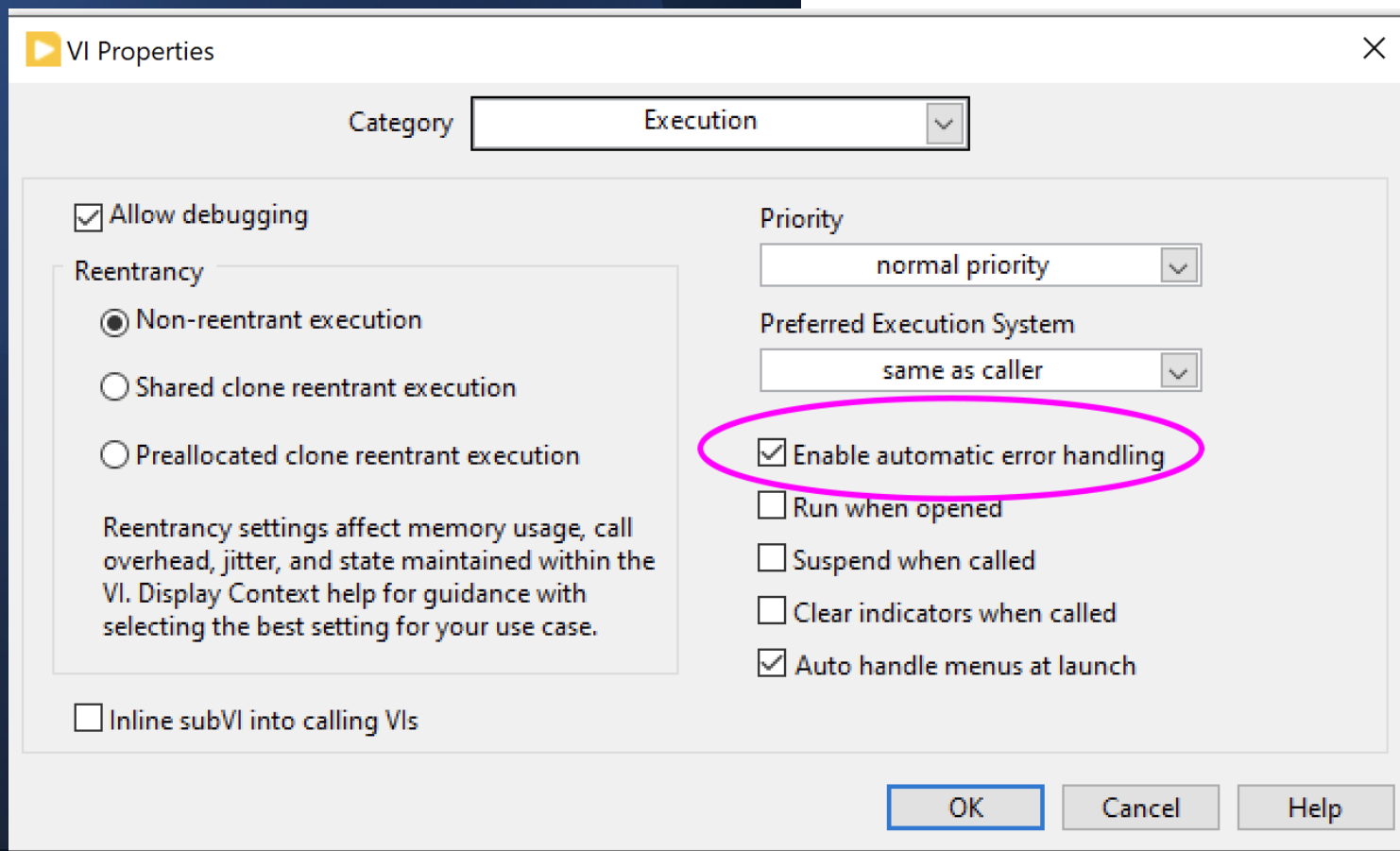
Tools >> Options settings I always change:

- Turn off automatic error handling



#2b

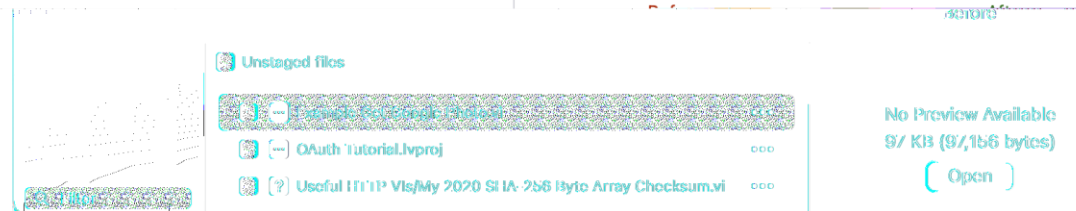
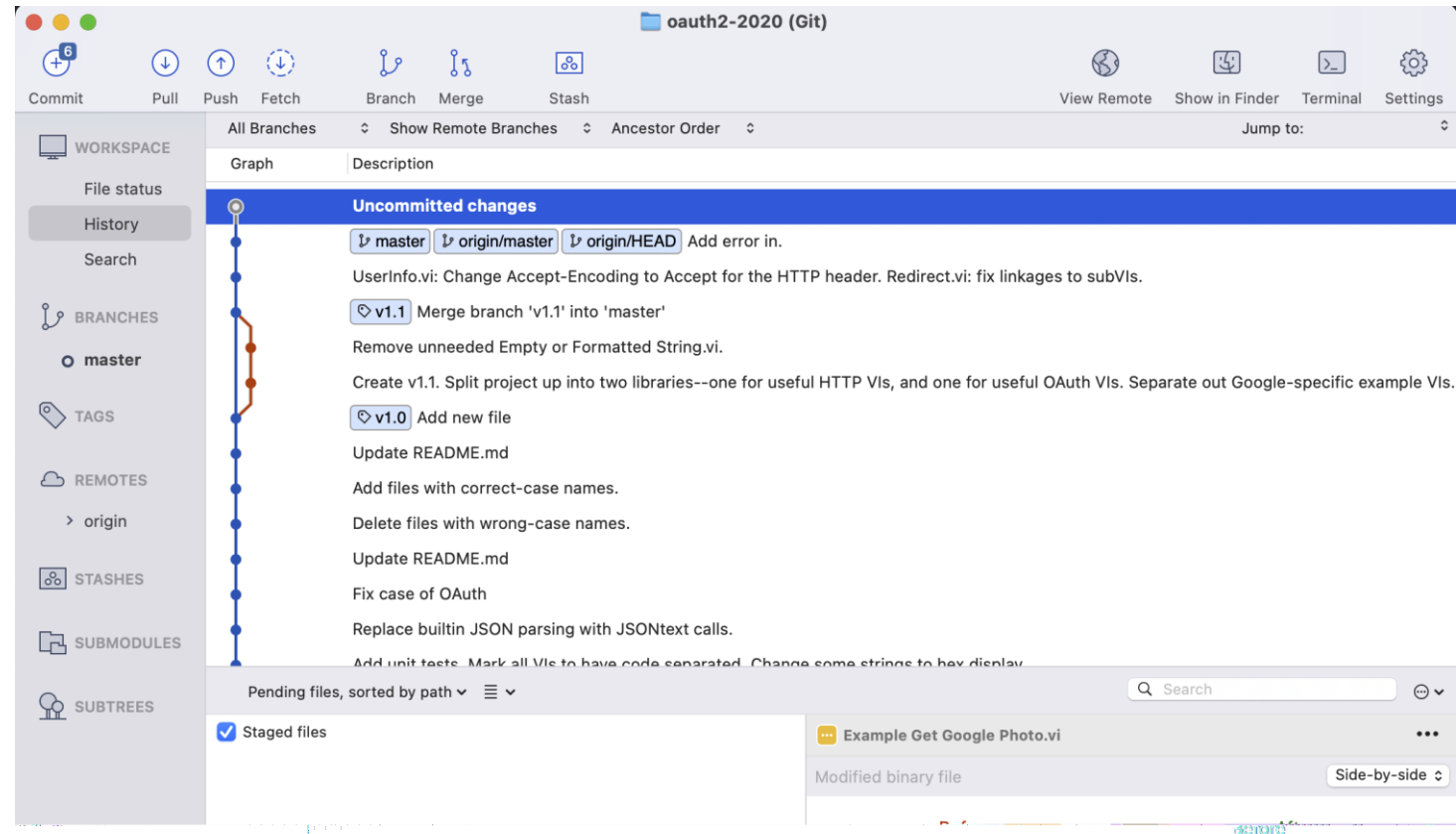
Also saved with the VI.
Use the VI Analyzer to find these.



#3

Use source code control

*Why?
Save you from yourself
(and others).
Remembers history.*

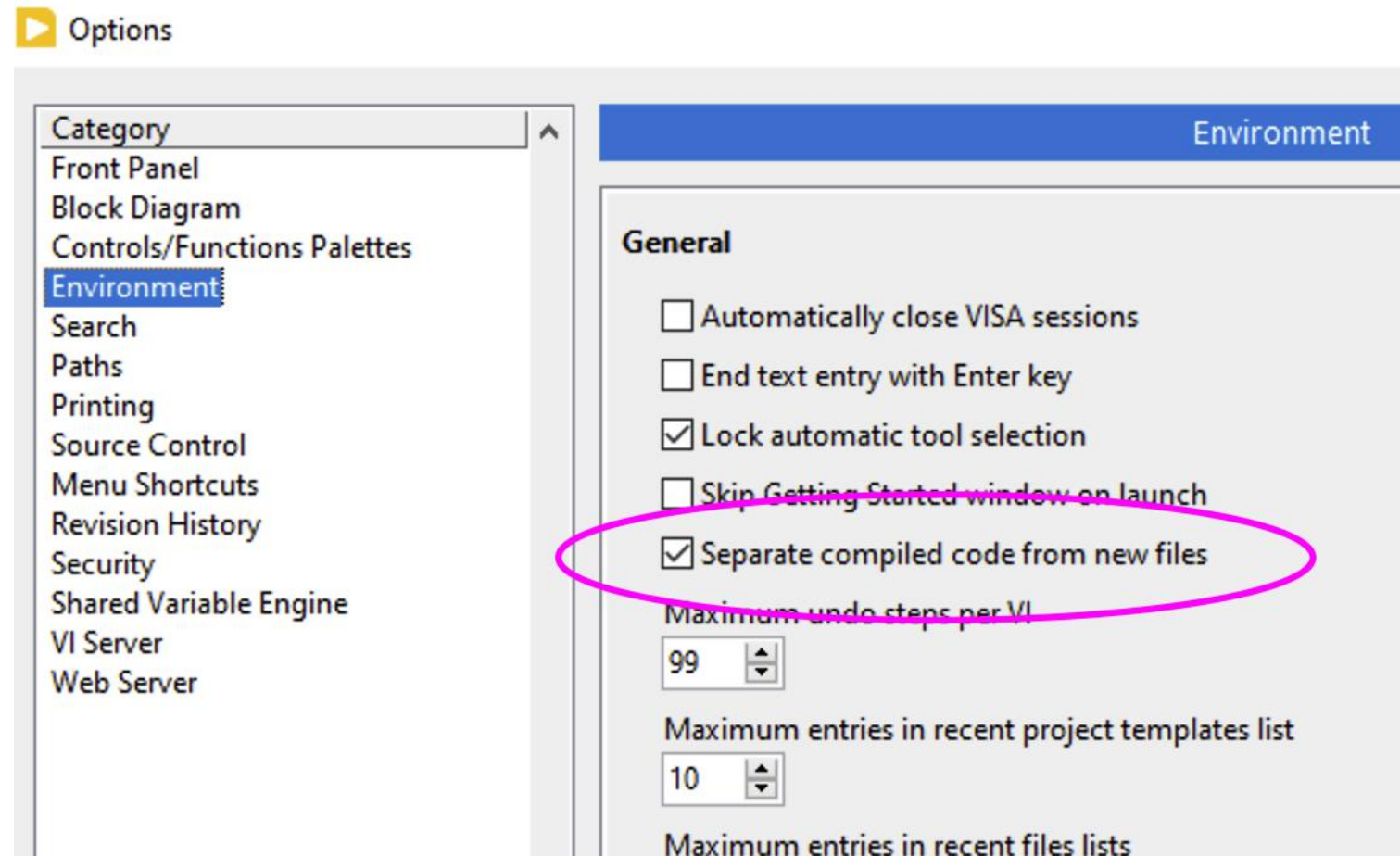


#4

*Why?
Avoid source code
control changes just due
to recompile.
Smaller file size in SCC.*

Tools >> Options settings I always change:

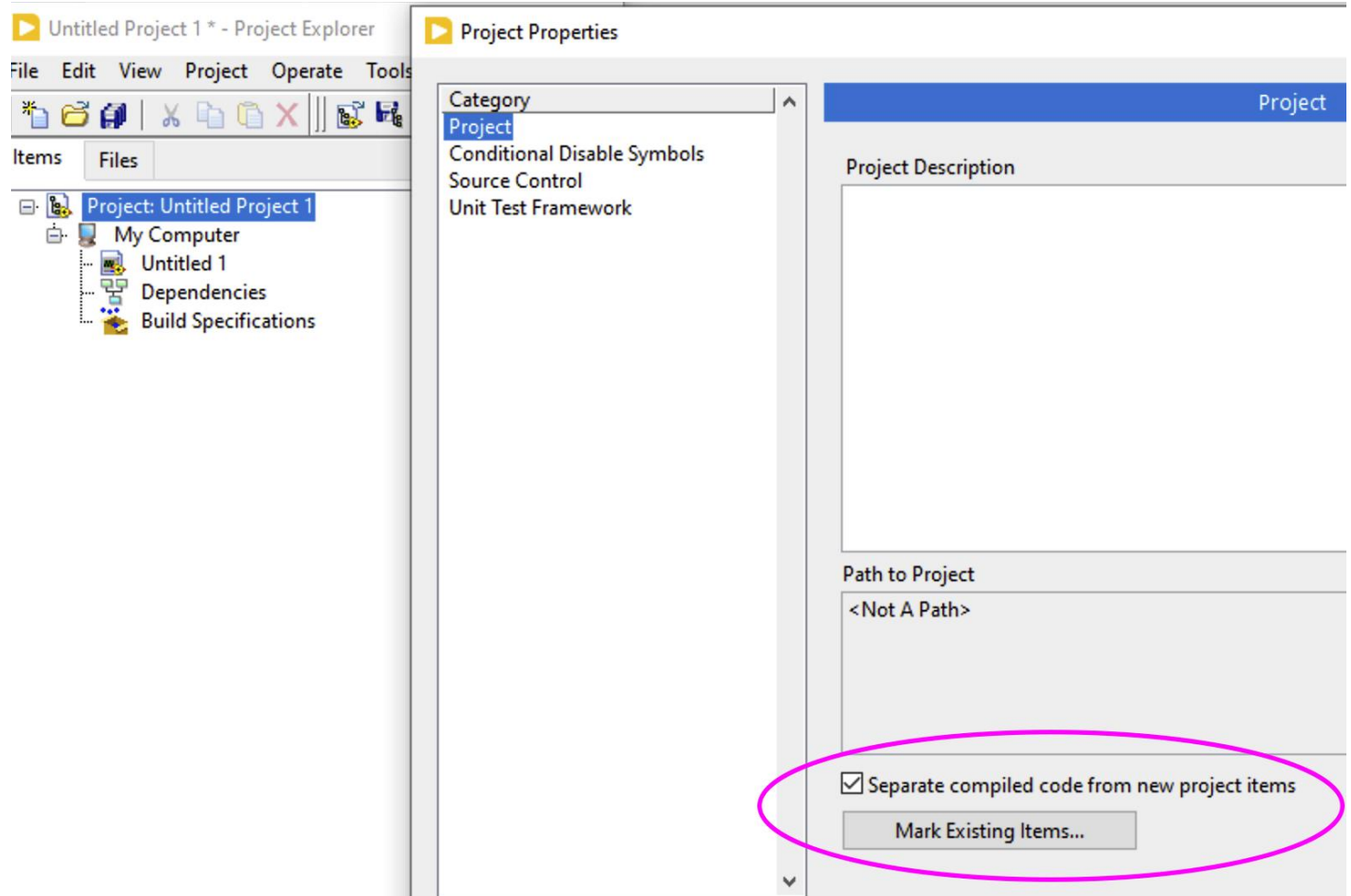
- Separate compiled code from VIs



#4b

Project settings, too:

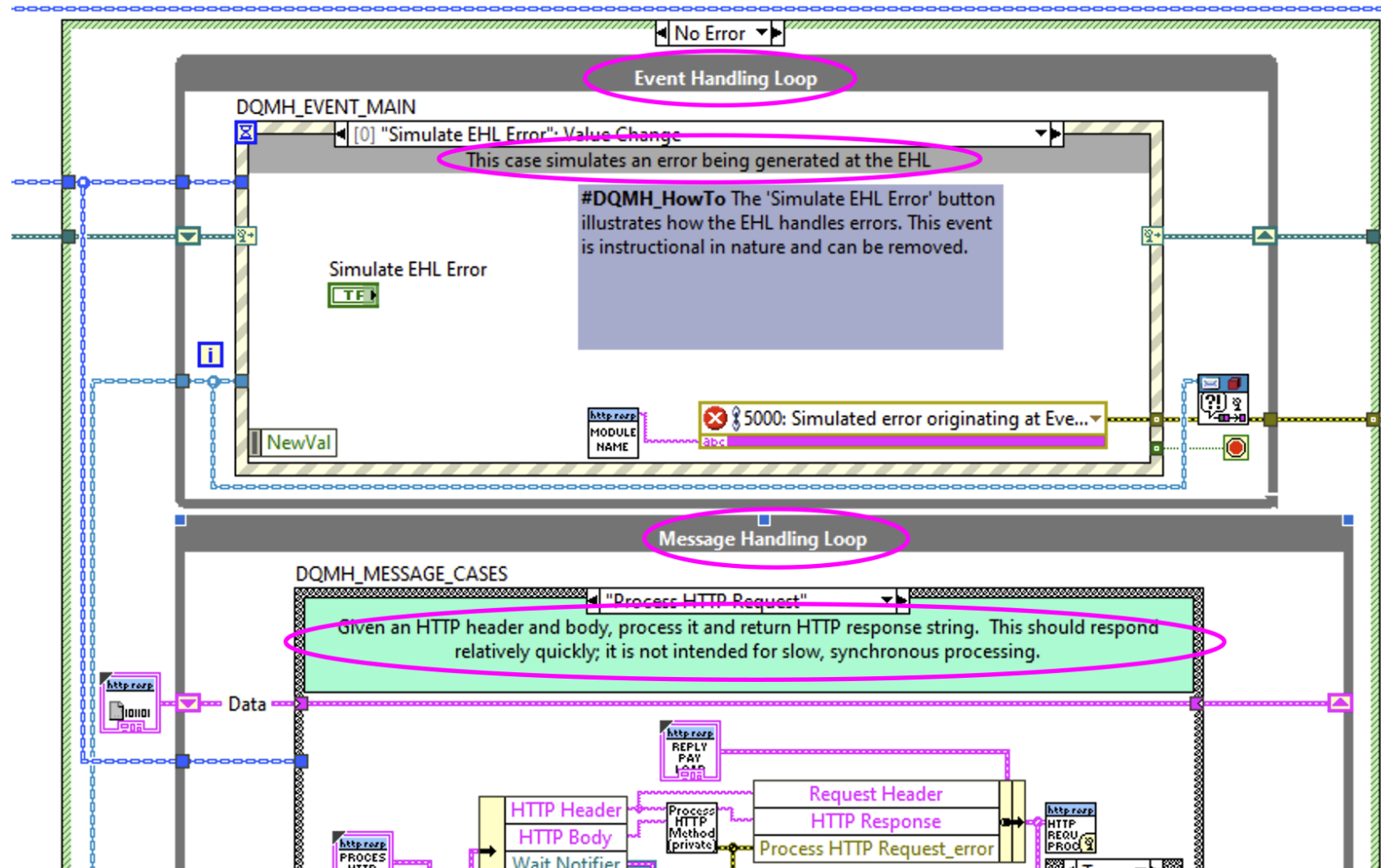
Don't forget to "Mark Existing Items". I check this for any stragglers from time to time.



#5

Use subdiagram labels

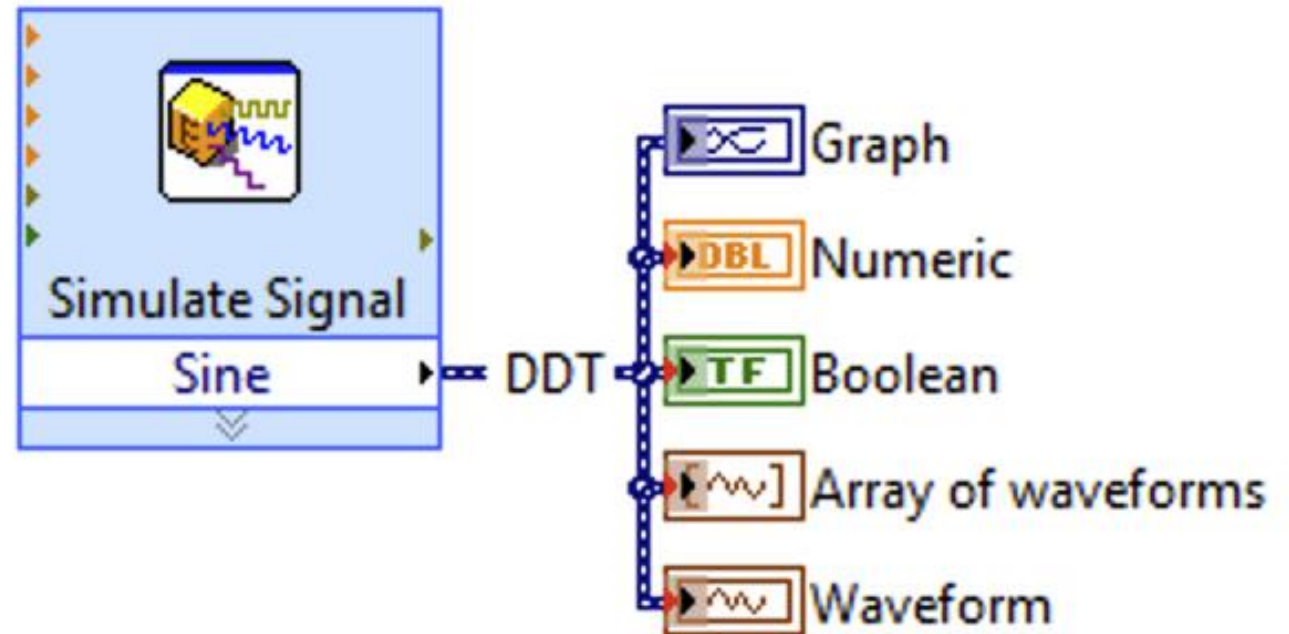
*Why?
Good documentation
practice.
Not free-floating; stays
with each loop/case.*



#6

Don't use the Dynamic Data Type (DDT)

*Why?
Kitchen sink data type.
Too easy to do the wrong
thing.*

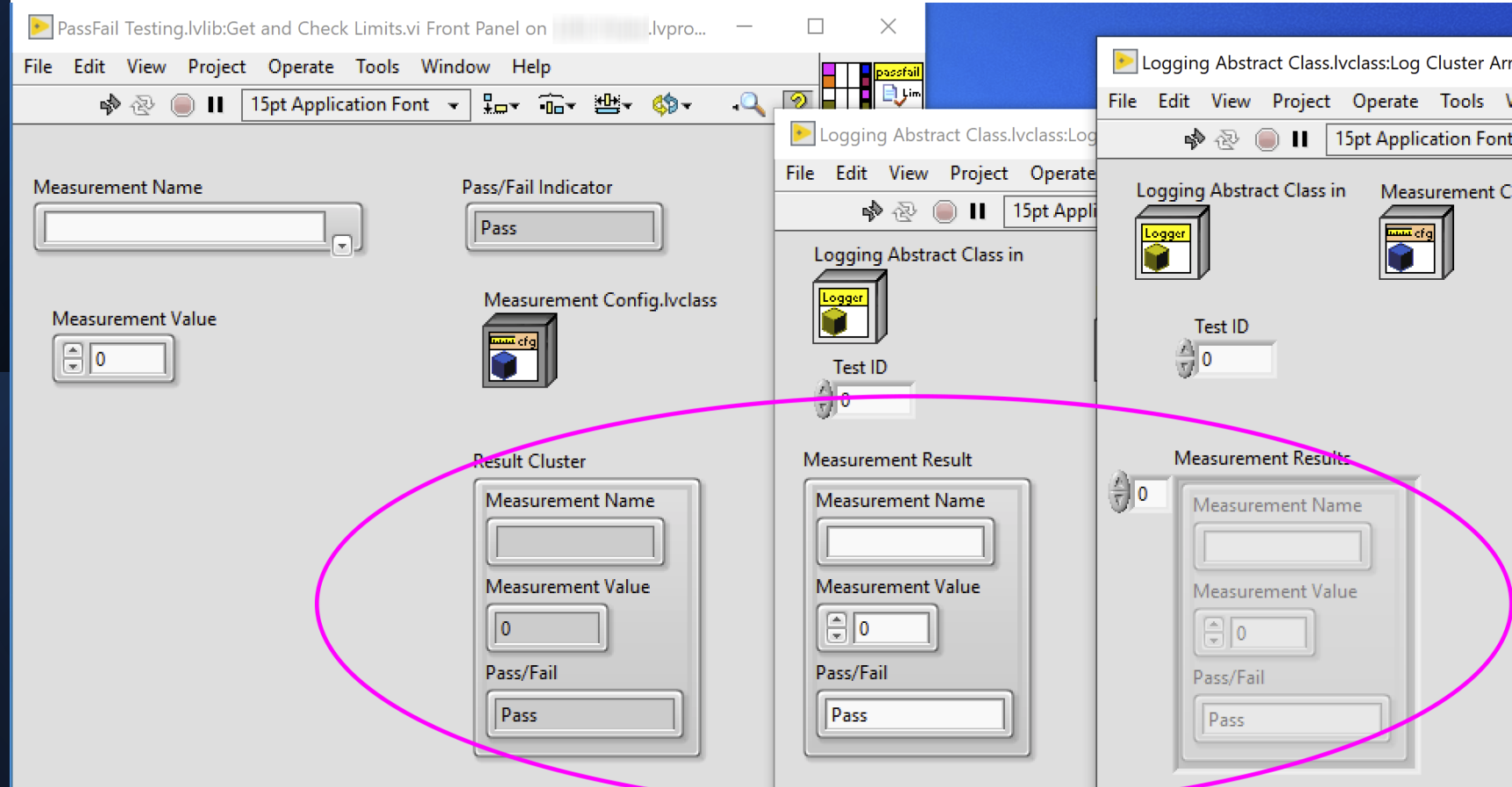


#7

When used in more than one place:

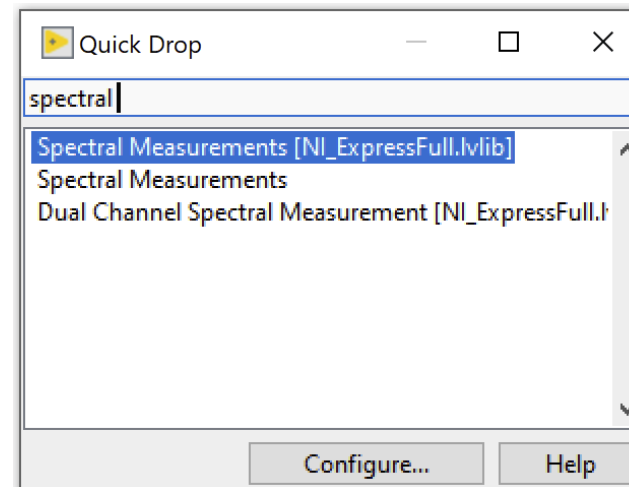
- Use typedefs (or classes) for clusters
- Use typedefs for enums.

*Why?
Easy to propagate
changes to all users of
the data type.*



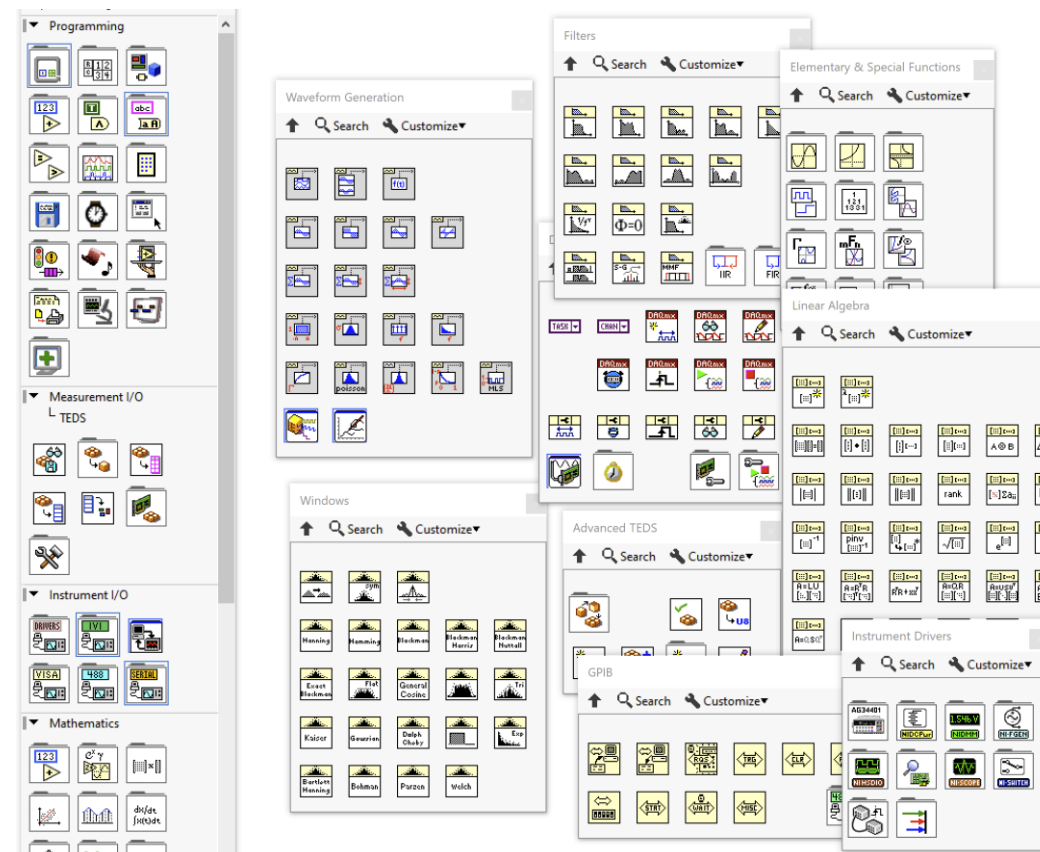
#8

Use Quickdrop



*Why?
Saves time.*

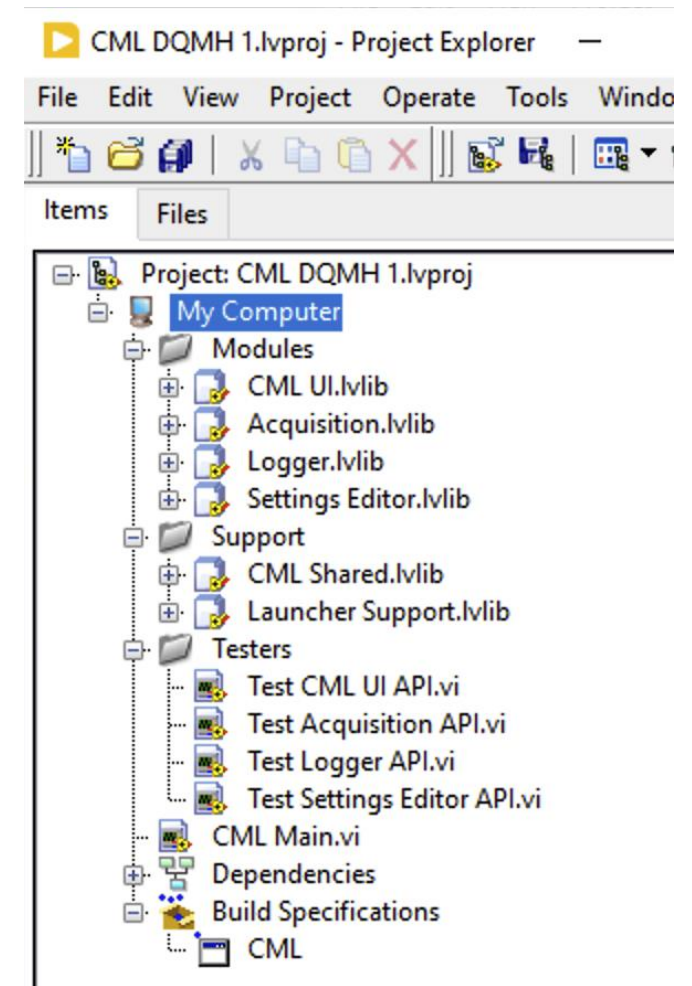
vs.



#9

*Why?
Organize your files.
Only way to build an
executable.*

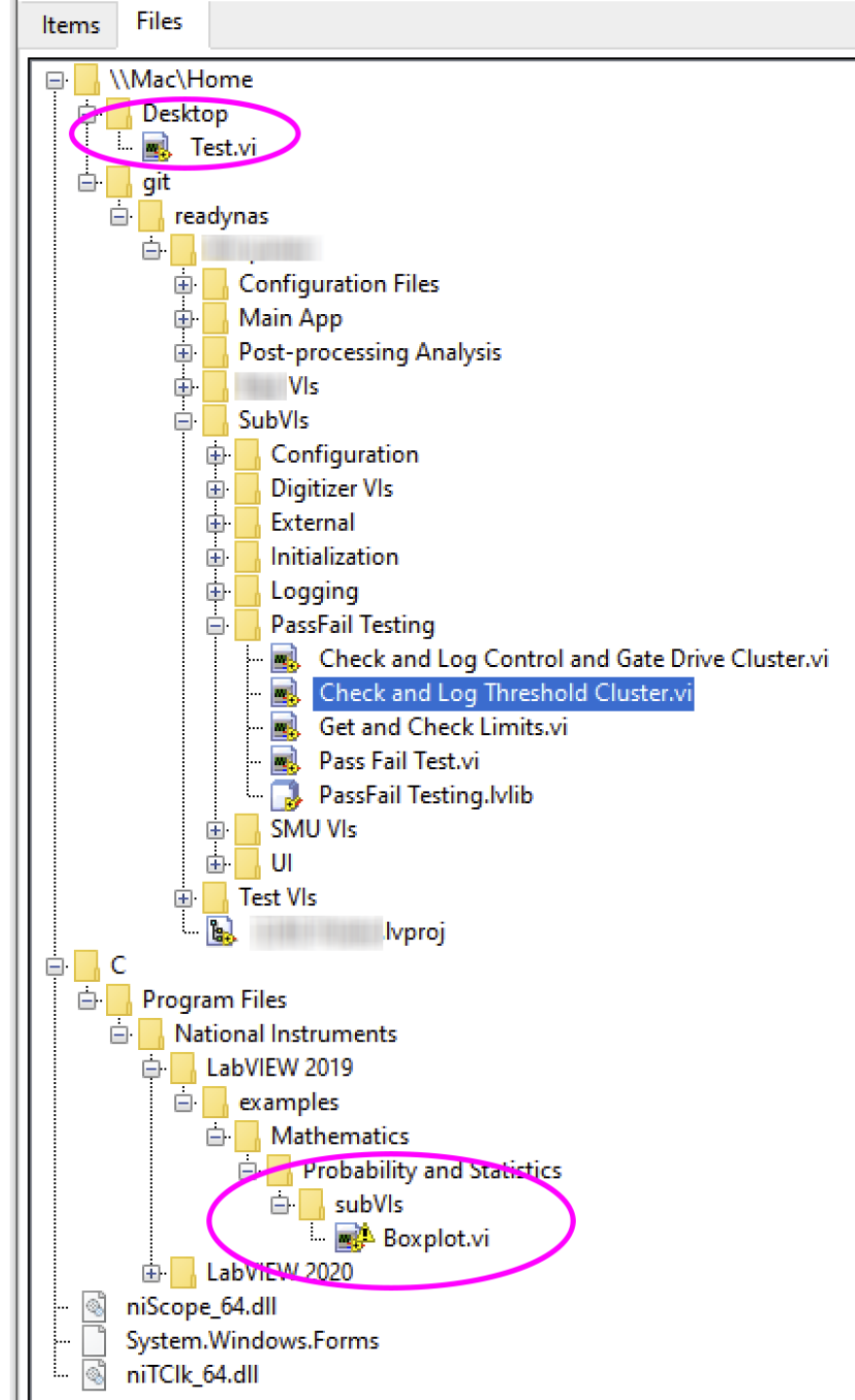
Use a Project (.lvproj) for your application.



#10

*Why?
Make sure you're using
the files you think you
are.*

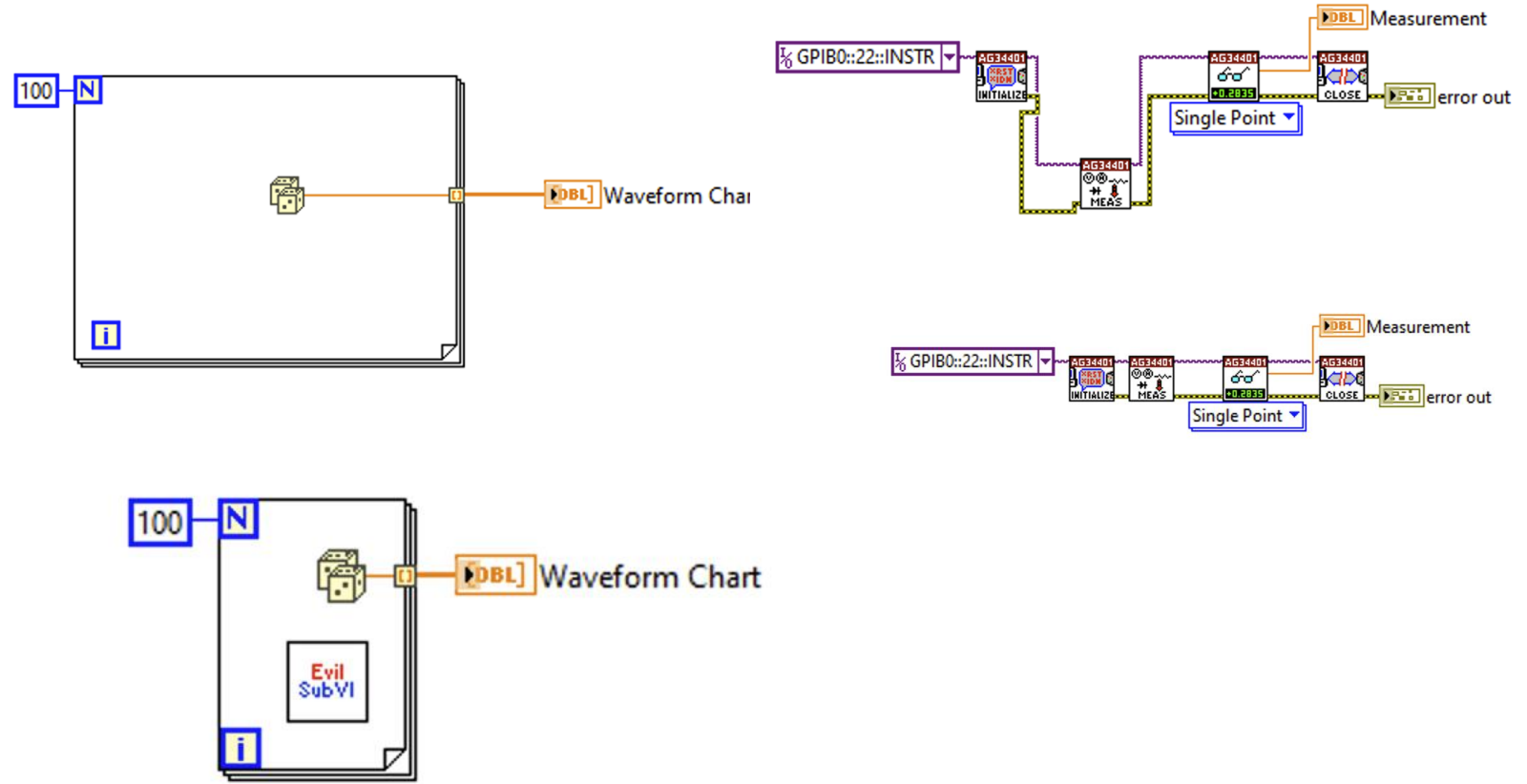
Check “Files” view in
the project for stray
files that are out of
place.



#11

Use block diagram cleanup.
(But be prepared to undo.)

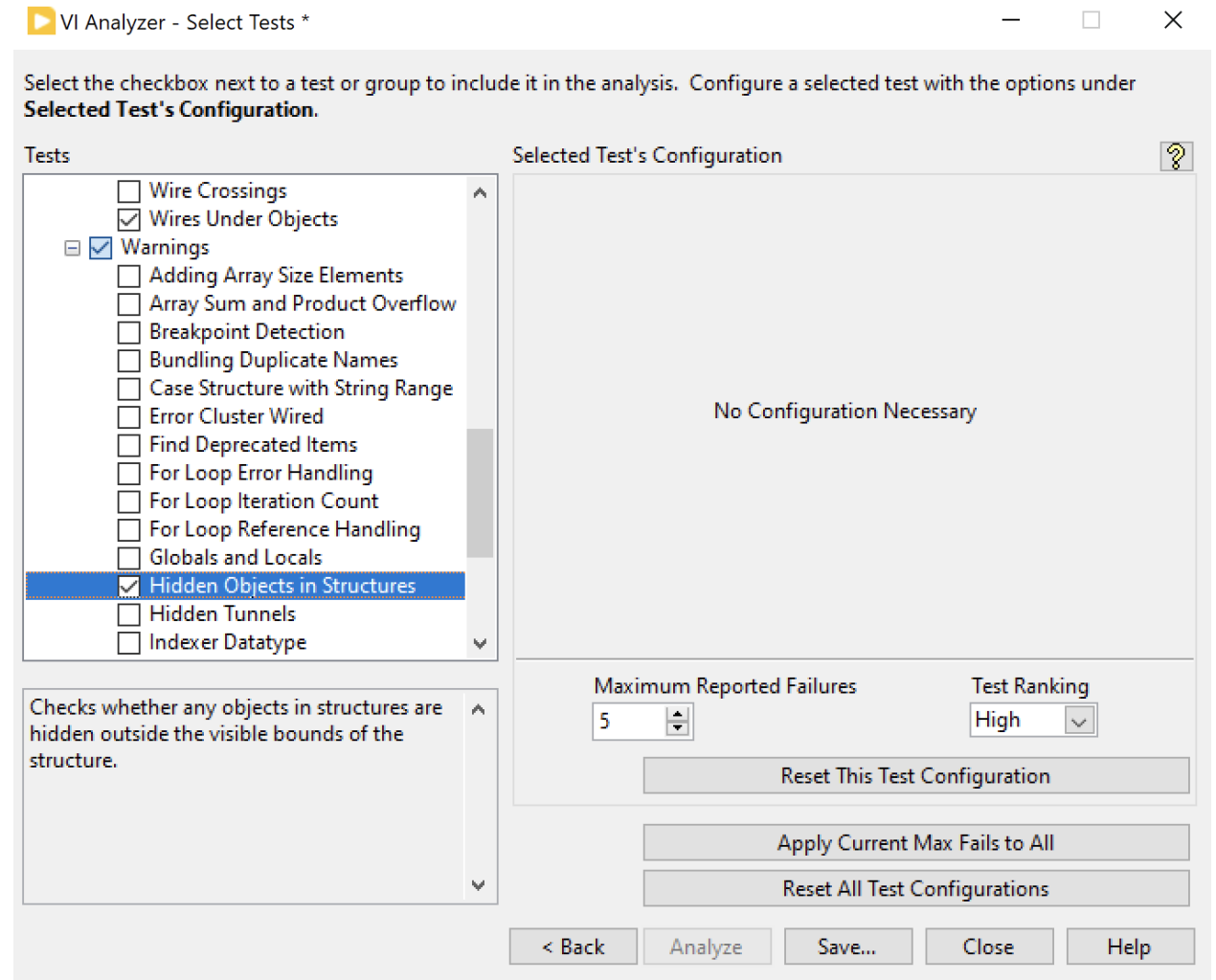
*Why?
Let's you build VIs
quickly, clean up as you
go.
Finds miswired terminals.
Finds hidden objects.*



#11b

There are specific tests for hidden objects, miswired terminals, etc.

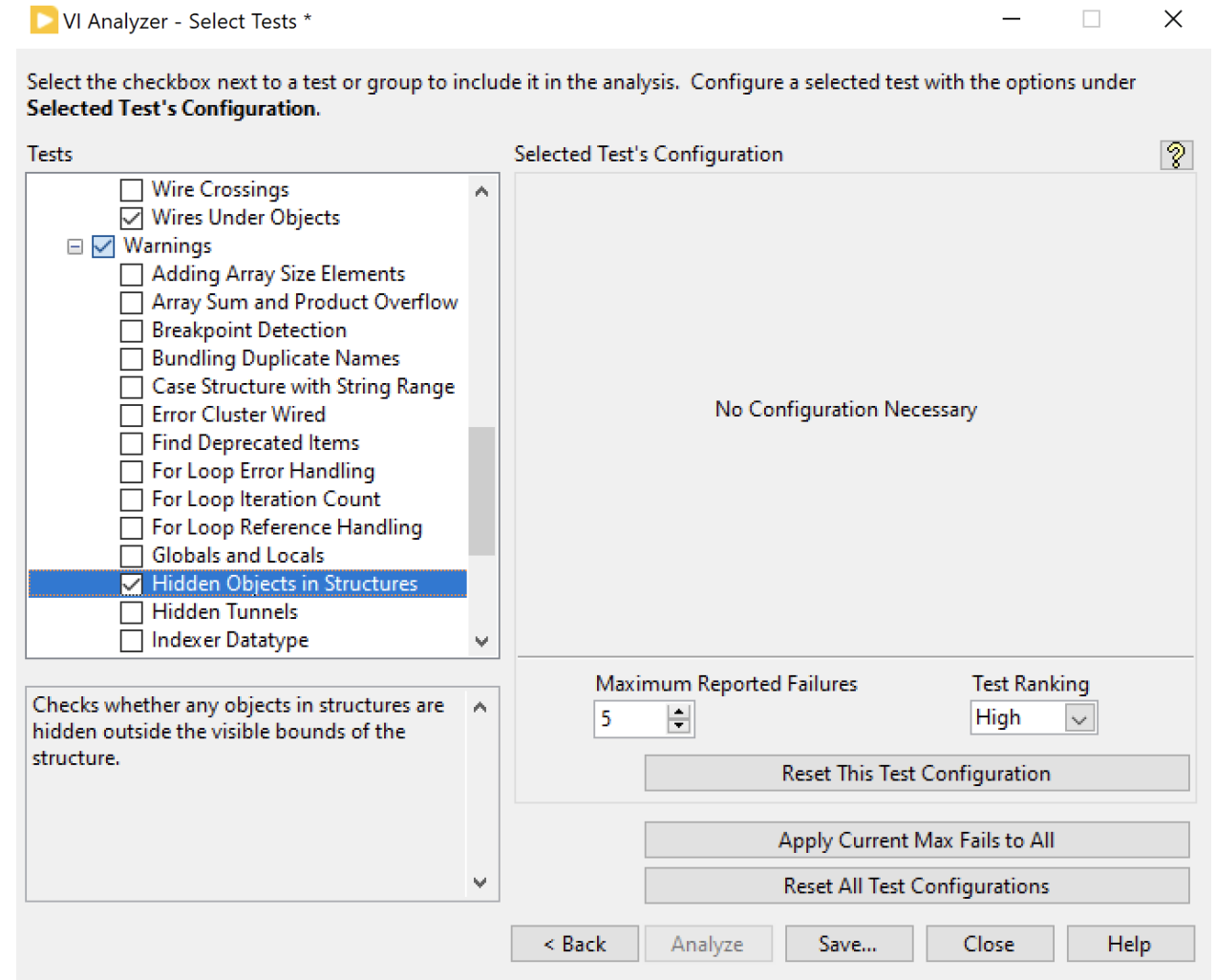
If you don't want to use Block Diagram Cleanup, use the VI Analyzer. It can help find similar problems.



#12

Why?
Enforce coding style.
Find problems.
Improve consistency.

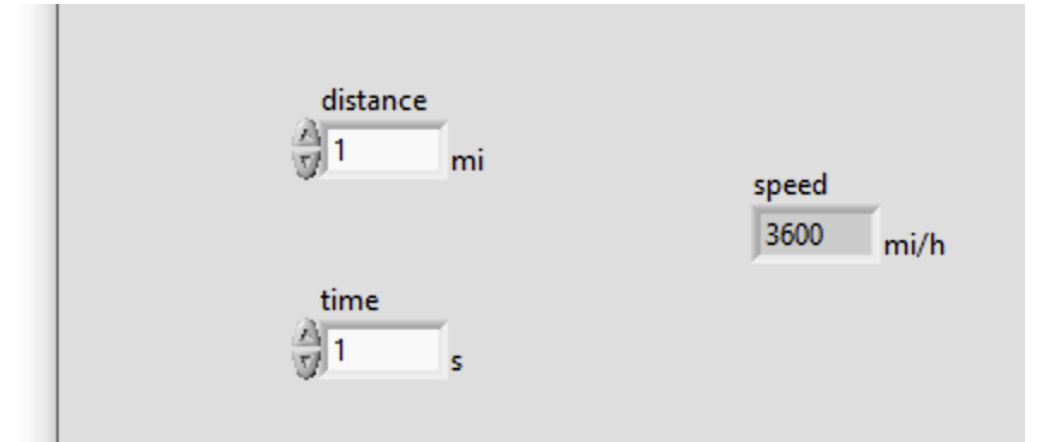
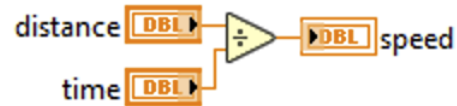
Use the VI Analyzer even if you do use diagram cleanup.



#13

*Why?
Helps get your unit math
right.
Easy to change for locale
(km vs. miles, deg C vs. F)*

Take advantage of the Unit Label

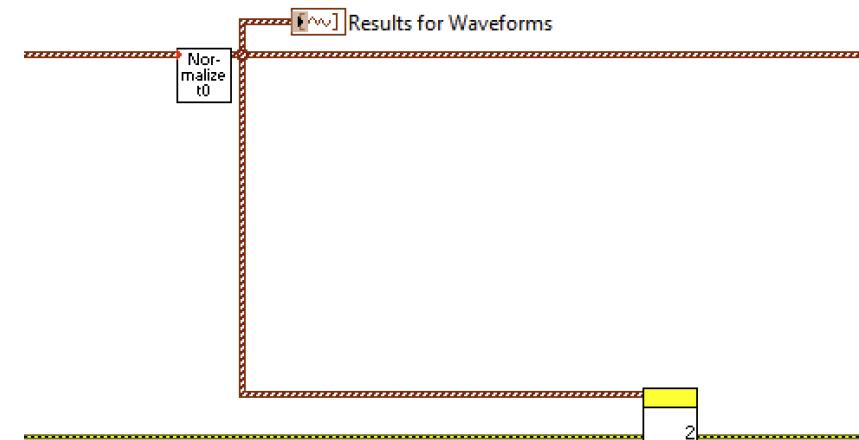
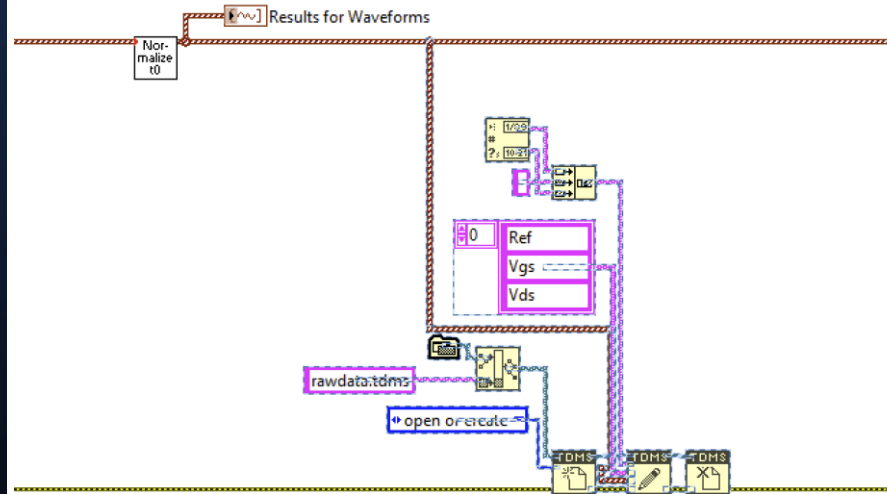


<https://stravaro.com/2021/07/labview-units-part-1/>

#14

Use Edit >> Create SubVI

*Why?
Organize and simplify
code.
Aids reuse.*

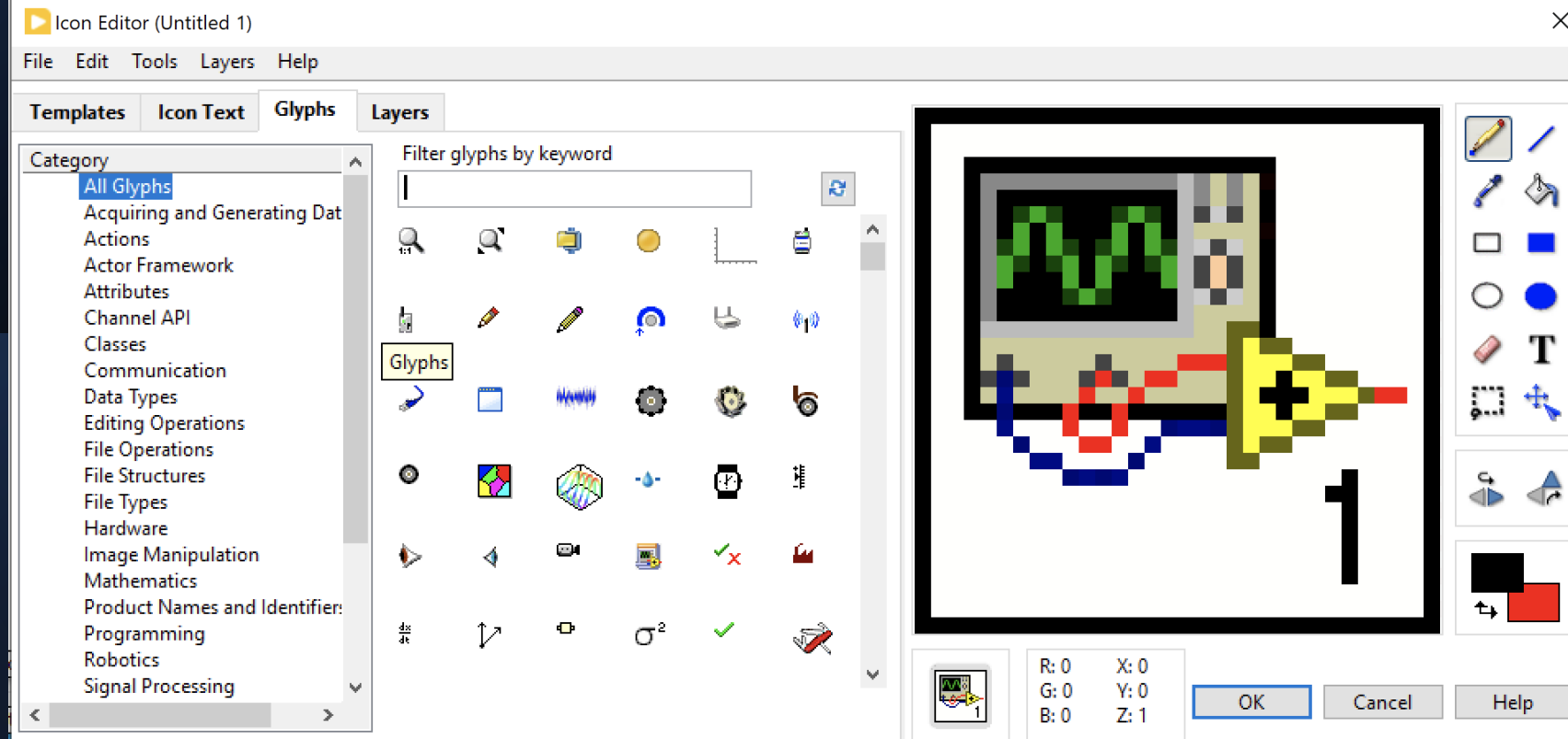


#14b

*Why?
Modularity is a good
thing.
Can run faster.*

Also, use subVIs. They're a good thing.

And please edit the icon.



#15

Why?

*No sense optimizing code
you may end up
rewriting/reorganizing.*

Optimize for clarity. Don't optimize for speed (nor memory) until needed. (From Wiebe Walstra.)

Make it work first. Then make it work faster/better.

#16

Why?

*Lets you install different
toolkits/versions per VM.
Helps avoid cross-linking.*

If you work on multiple projects, use virtual machines, with one VM per project.

#17

Don't be clever.

Why?

*“Clever” code is hard for
anyone but the author to
understand and
maintain.*

Hard for the author, too.

Additional Resources

- An End to Brainless LabVIEW Programming
 - <http://bit.ly/brainlesslabview>
- LabVIEW Journal Blog
 - <https://labviewjournal.com/>
- Stravaro Blog
 - <https://stravaro.com/stravaro-blog>